Tools for understanding groundwater connectivity for salmon and people



Primary science partners: Kachemak Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve and the University of South Florida, School of Geophysical Sciences, with support from many locally engaged community partners

Outline

- 1. Salmon and groundwater science background
- 2. Science-based tools
- 3. Decision-making
- 4. Training and Education

"We have the remarkable opportunity to not mess things up here."

Salmon Abundance



* Lacks complete data

Data Source: Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife

In winter, ALL of the water in the river is groundwater



Groundwater and salmon-streamflow



Source: Brigino et al. In Preparation

Millions of juvenile salmon rear in headwater streams that rely on groundwater







Groundwater = stream temperature moderation



cold water refugia in summer

warm water refugia in winter 7

ALDERS supply NITROGEN

PEATLANDS supply CARBON



ALDERS supply NITROGEN

PEATLANDS supply CARBON



- Most land on the southern Kenai Lowlands is unprotected (pink and white).
- 1. Lots of parcelization.
- Headwater streams (red) where juvenile salmon rear are throughout the watersheds.





from USGS

Groundwater connectivity: recharge, storage, conveyance and discharge



Recharge-Discharge—Hillslopes Time Scale: Days-Years

Recharge-Discharge—Aquifers Time Scale: Years-Millenia

Illustrations by Conrad Field, KBNERR



Tools for decision-makers



Tools for decision making: Using shallow groundwater flowpath modelling to avoid disrupting salmon stream connections





Engaging with stakeholders



Questions?

