KP-CISMA Field Coordinator Update

Maura Schumacher







Introduction

Maura Schumacher, Invasive Species

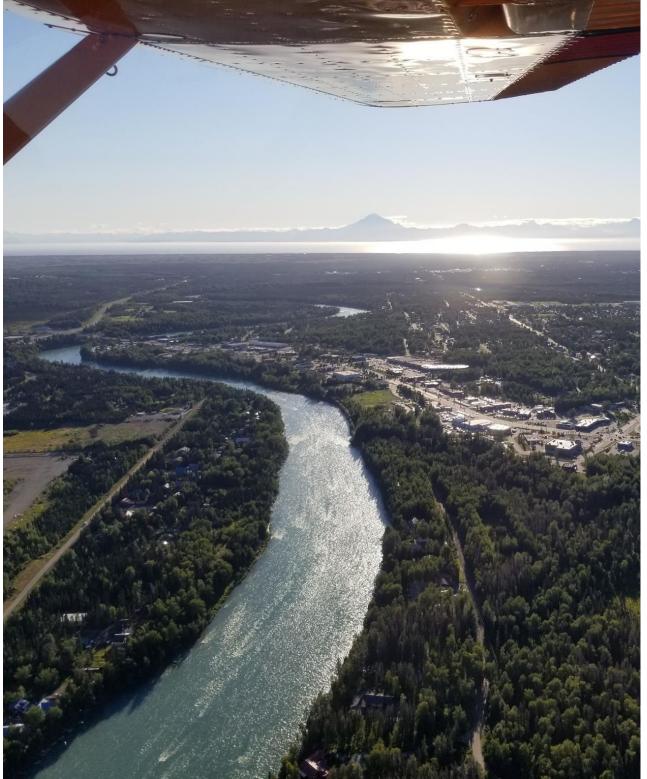
Specialist at the Kenai Watershed Forum

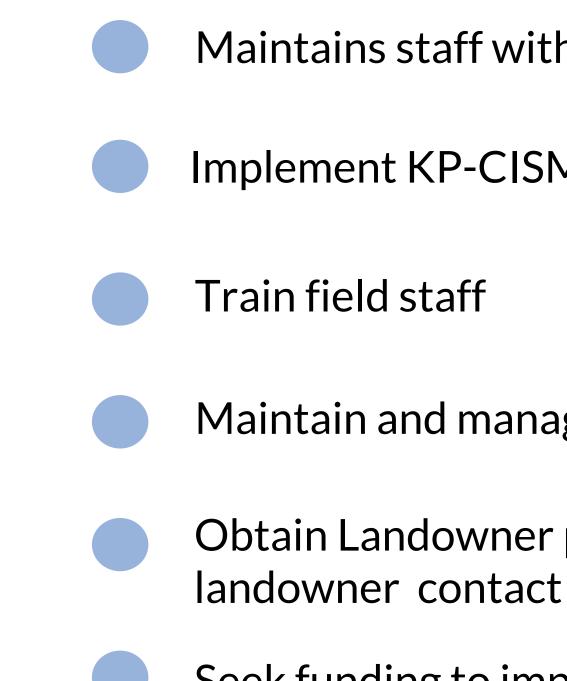
- 1) What does the KP-CISMA Field
 - Coordinator do?
- 2) Invasion Curve- where are we?
 - Prevention
 - Eradication
 - Containment
 - Resource Protection





What does the KP-CISMA Field Coordinator do...?

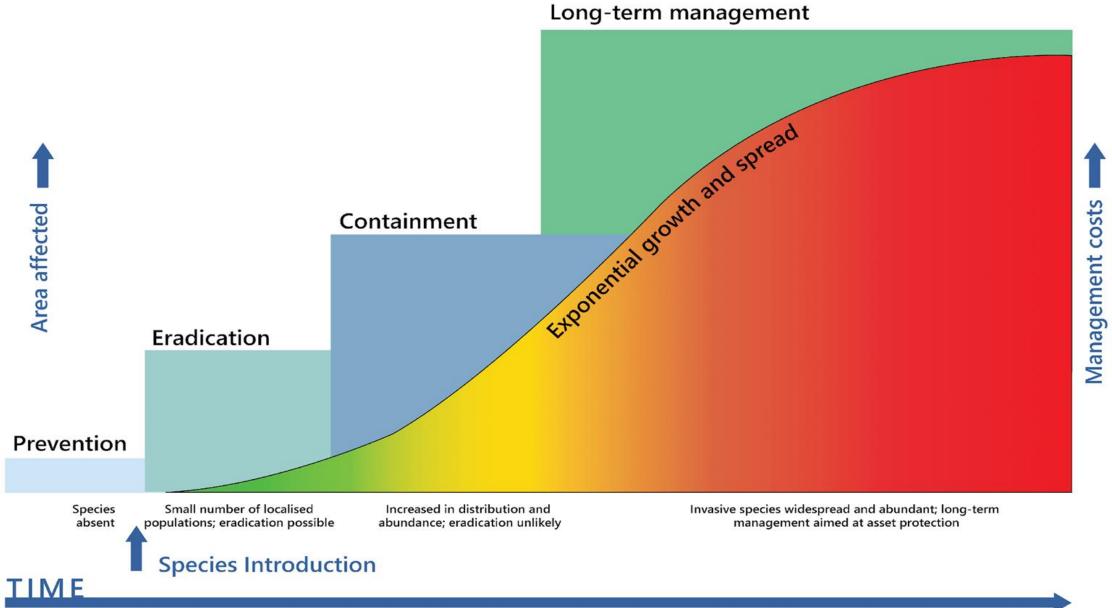




- Maintains staff with Pesticide Applicator's License
- Implement KP-CISMA Guiding Documents
- Maintain and manage field data collection systems
- **Obtain Landowner permissions and maintain**
- Seek funding to implement KP-CISMA priorities

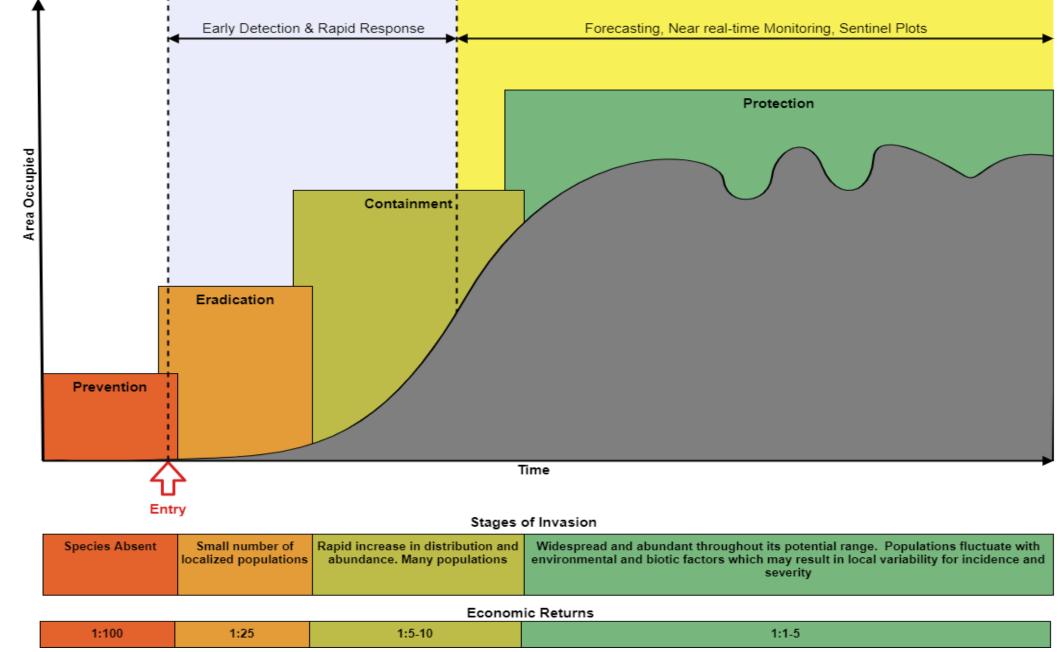


Invasion curve





Invasion curve









Public awareness is essential (but can be difficult to achieve)
1:100 return in economic investment





Prevention

Goal=increased awareness—>behavior change

- •Targeted outreach and Education
- Presentations to high priority user groups
 - Kenai River Guide Academy
 - Recreation and Parks Association
 Annual Conference
 - Stream Watch
 - \circ Adopt-A-Stream





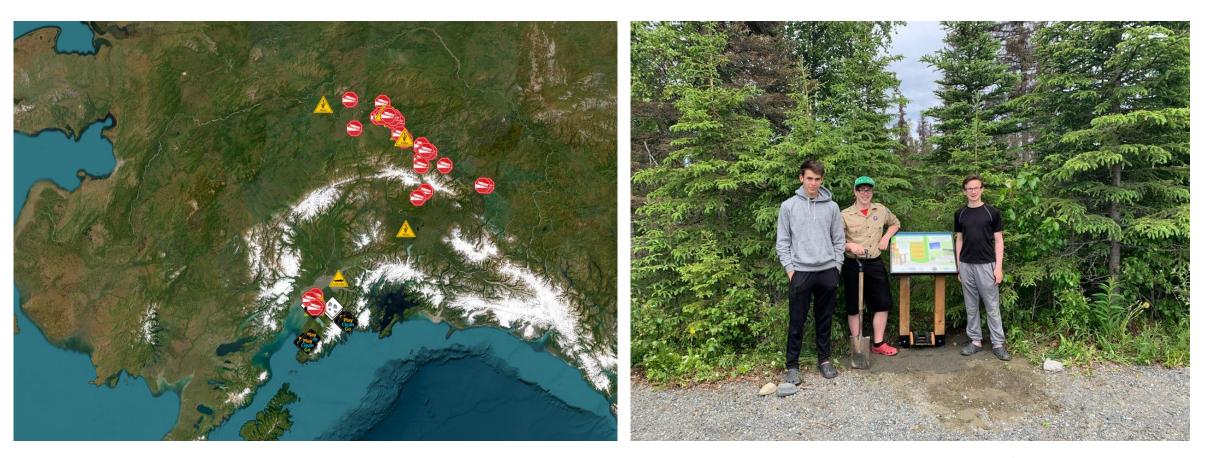




Prevention

Goal=increased awareness—>behavior change

- •CleanDrainDry signage at high traffic boat launches
- •PlayCleanGo signs and boot brush installation at high traffic trail heads

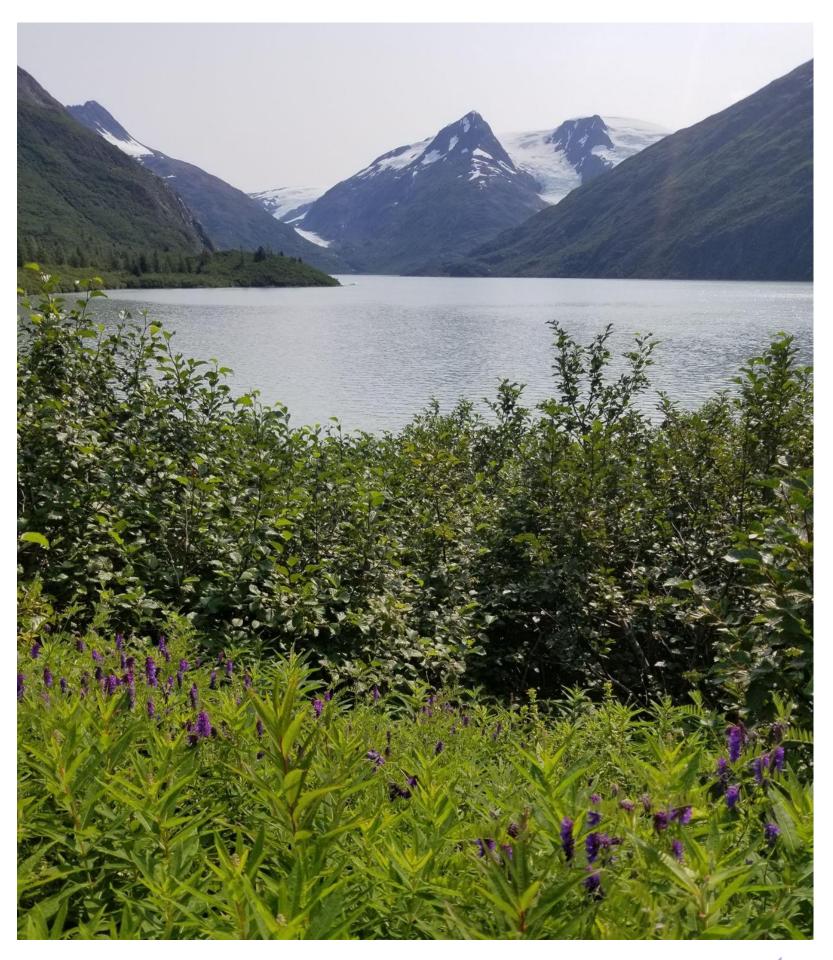






Removing a species population in its entirety

- •Only possible if populations are localized
- Early Detection is essential (so is Public Awareness!)
- •1:25 return in economic investment







An opossum's arrival in Homer spurs capture efforts, memes and a campaign to **#FreeGrubby**

By Megan Pacer Updated: April 15, 2023 Published: April 14, 2023

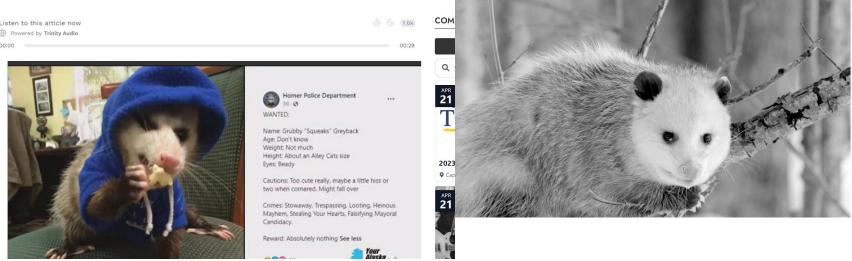




Grubby the opossum is on the loose in Homer, Alaska

I'm sorry-not-sorry for bringing you more opossum content. It's not my fault they've been so newsworthy lately! Today, I'm sharing news

Powered by Trinity Audio



Eradication

Removing a species population in its entirety

• Public Awareness becomes easier •1:25 return in economic investment

Homer's opossum visitor, Grubby, still on the lam as town remains divided

KBBI | By Casey Grove, Alaska Public Media LISTEN • 4:55

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HOMER NEWS



Calendar Obituaries Weather Classifieds

NEWS

Wayward opossum sparks controversy

By Delcenia Cosman • April 20, 2023 1:30 am

Homer P.D. search for possum

By Your Alaska Link Staff Apr 18, 2023 Updated Apr 18, 202





- •Only possible if populations are localized
- Early Detection is essential (so is Public Awareness!)
- •1:25 return in economic investment



White Sweetclover-produces up to 350,000 seeds per plant



Rapid Response

 Integrated Pest/Veg Management Plans allow for success eradication through rapid response



Community Elodea Information Meeting

Nikiski Community Recreation Center Mile 23.4 Kenai Spur Highway

> Tuesday February 19th, 2013 6 - 8:30PM



Please join us for a community meeting to discuss what to do about the discovery of Elodea in Stormy & Daniels Lakes.

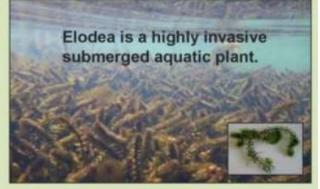
Dr. Lars Anderson (USDA Agricultural Research Service and University of California-Davis), an aquatic invasive plant expert, will be at the meeting to provide information about Elodea, discuss options for management, and share his experiences in coping with aquatic infestations.

Elodea is not native to the Kenai Peninsula, and can cause serious, irreversible harm to fish and aquatic habitats if allowed to spread unchecked.

Elodea presence has recently been confirmed in Stormy and Daniels Lake on the Kenai Peninsula, and in some slow-moving waters in Anchorage, Fairbanks, and Cordova.

Meeting Open to the Public For more information, please contact Janice Chumley at UAF-Cooperative Extensive Service, 907-262-5824





Why we don't want Elodea

degrades salmon shore habitats

Nuisance: impedes boat and float plane launching, navigation, and fishing

Ecological:

spawning habitat

Safety: fouls float plane rudders and boat propellers

Economic: reduces property values by fouling launch sites and



Post-treatment monitoring

•For AIS, 5 years of negative survey data is needed for an infestation to be considered "eradicated"





Containment

Reducing further spread of an introduced species

- Rapid increase in distribution and abundance; eradication unlikely
- •1:5-10 return in economic investment







Containment

- European Bird Cherry
 - \circ Riparian corridors
 - \circ Hope
 - Cooper Landing/Upper Kenai River

 \rightarrow Control in high risk pathways









Resource Protection

Long-term management aimed at population suppression and facility and resource protection

- Invasive species widespread and abundant
- 1:1-5 return in economic investment





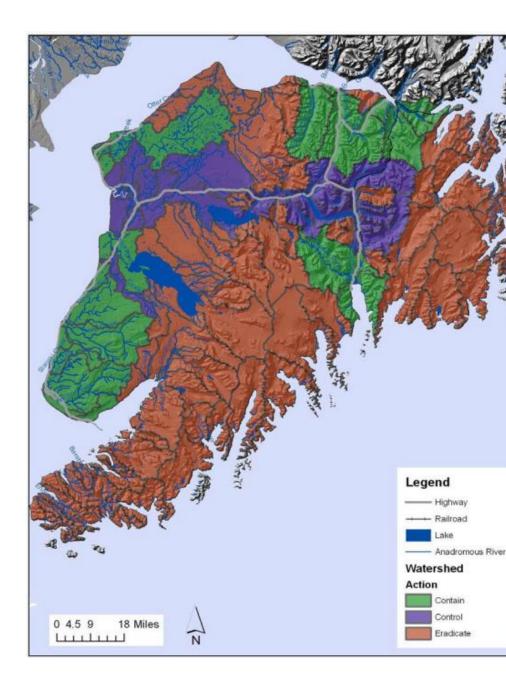
Resource Protection

Reed Canarygrass

•Eradication is no longer feasible on the Kenai Peninsula

•Managing at a watershed level scale

•Streams have been prioritized for restoration activities based on several attributes including importance to salmon habitat

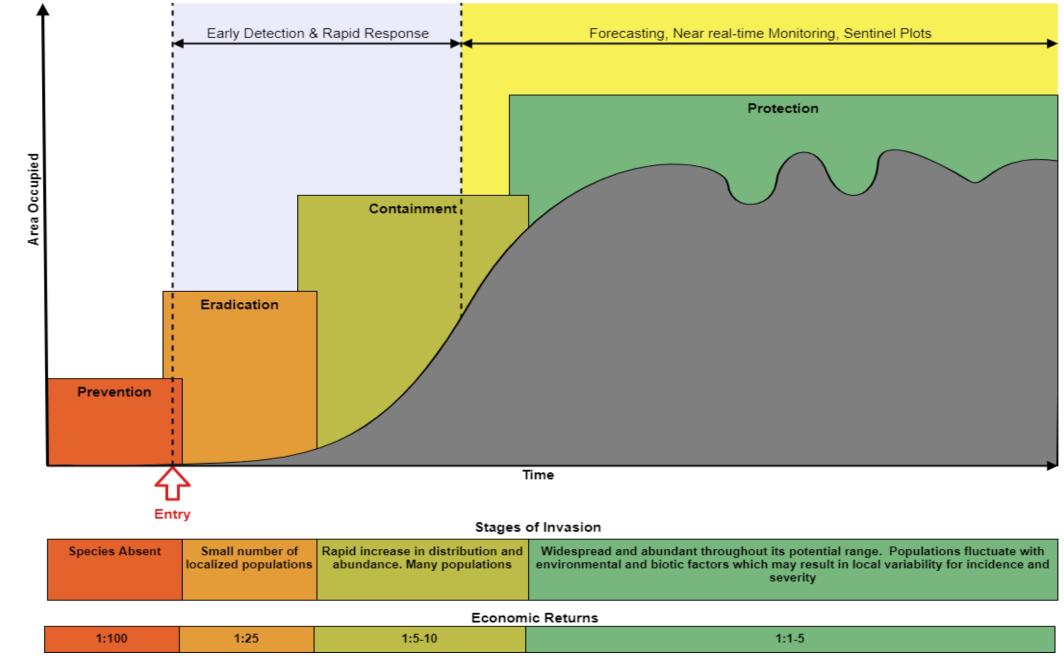




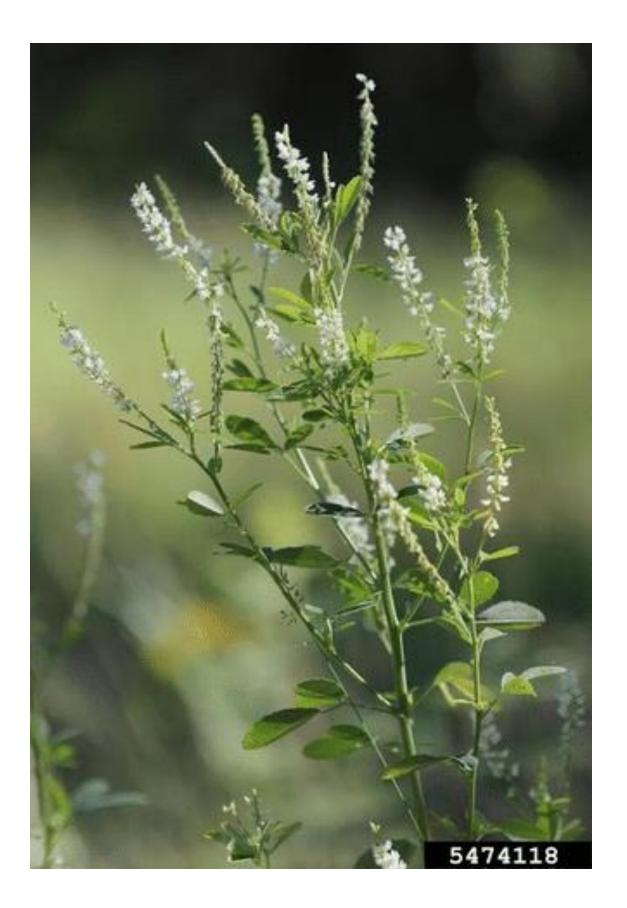




Invasion Curve What have learned? Where do we go?











Thanks to our funders and partners!











KENAI PENINSULA COOPERATIVE INVASIVE SPECIES MANAGEMENT AREA







QUESTIONS?



Maura Schumacher maura@kenaiwatershed.org

